



This document contains forward-looking statements in regard to forecasts, targets and plans of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. ("MUFG") and its group companies (collectively, "the group"). These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to the group and are stated here on the basis of the outlook at the time that this document was produced. In addition, in producing these statements certain assumptions (premises) have been utilized. These statements and assumptions (premises) are subjective and may prove to be incorrect and may not be realized in the future. Underlying such circumstances are a large number of risks and uncertainties. Please see other disclosure and public filings made or will be made by MUFG and the other companies comprising the group, including the latest kessantanshin, financial reports, Japanese securities reports and annual reports, for additional information regarding such risks and uncertainties. The group has no obligation or intent to update any forward-looking statements contained in this document.

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The financial information used in this document was prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan, or Japanese GAAP.

<Definition of Figures used in this document>



Consolidated	PL items	After FY2005 H2 : Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group (consolidated) Up to FY2005 H1: Mitsubishi Tokyo Financial Group (consolidated) + UFJ Holdings (consolidated) (without other adjustments)
	BS items	After March 31, 2006: Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group (consolidated) Up to September 30, 2005: Mitsubishi Tokyo Financial Group (consolidated) + UFJ Holdings (consolidated) (without other adjustments)
		After FY2006 H1: Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (non-consolidated) +
	PL items	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust & Banking Corporation (non-consolidated) (without other adjustments)
		FY2005 H2: Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (non-consolidated) + UFJ Bank (non- consolidated, October - December) + Mitsubishi UFJ Trust & Banking Corporation (non-consolidated) (without other adjustments)
Non- consolidated*		Up to FY2005 H1: Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi (non-consolidated) + UFJ Bank (non-consolidated) + Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (non- consolidated) + UFJ Trust Bank (non-consolidated) (without other adjustments)
	BS	After March 31, 2006: Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (non-consolidated) + Mitsubishi UFJ Trust & Banking Corporation (non-consolidated) (without other adjustments)
	items	March 31, 2005: Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi (non-consolidated) + UFJ Bank (non-consolidated) + Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (non- consolidated) + UFJ Trust Bank (non-consolidated) (without other adjustments)

*Unless specifically stated otherwise figures do not include the separate subsidiaries (UFJ Strategic Partner, UFJ Equity Investments and UFJ Trust Equity).

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Introduction

Outline of Fiscal 2007 Results

Key Management Issues

FY2007 key points



Net income down from FY06, but higher than revised forecasts

- -Main factors: Lower gross profits due to market instability and higher impairment losses on equities
- -Sub-prime related losses relatively small
- Further enhanced comprehensive Group strengths, through restructuring Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS, making Mitsubishi UFJ Securities a wholly owned subsidiary, and other measures
- Made steady progress in preparations for transfer to new systems



Introduction

Outline of Fiscal 2007 Results

Key Management Issues

FY 2007 Summary (P/L)



Gross profits down ¥214.0bn on FY06

- Net interest income decreased, as factors such as the lowering of interest rates at Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS offset the effect of improvements in the depositlending spread at the commercial bank
- Net fees and commissions decreased due to deterioration of market environment
- Recorded losses of ¥123.0 bn relating to securitized products in Net other business profits

G&A expenses up ¥41.7bn on FY06

Main causes of increase were system integration costs and costs for strengthening compliance framework

Net gains (losses) on equity securities down ¥152.0bn

- Recorded ¥187.1bn losses on write-down of equity securities
- Net income ¥636.6bn

Credit related costs increased by ¥114.6bn

Please see pages 6-20 of the MUFG Databook

Income statement (¥bn)

		FY06	FY07	Change
1	Gross profits (before credit costs for trust accounts)	3,726.7	3,512.7	(214.0)
2	Net interest income	1,904.4	1,842.0	(62.3)
3	Net fees and commissions	1,158.6	1,073.5	(85.0)
4	Net trading profits	315.0	365.3	50.2
5	Net other business profits	195.5	79.9	(115.6)
6	G & A expenses	2,074.0	2,115.8	41.7
7	Net business profits	1,652.7	1,396.9	(255.8)
8	Non-recurring gains (losses)	(195.5)	(408.8)	(213.3)
9	Net gains (losses) on equity securities	127.1	(24.8)	(152.0)
10	Ordinary profits	1,457.0	1,029.0	(428.0)
11	Net special gains (losses)	51.6	(8.1)	(59.7)
12	Net income	880.9	636.6	(244.3)
13	Credit related costs*1	(186.9)	(301.6)	(114.6)
14	Credit related costs ^{*1} (sum of non-consolidated)	(40.4)	(86.2)	(45.7)

Negative numbers refer to costs or losses

Reference

15	Net operating profit from customer businesses ^{*2} (% of total)	1,479.6 (91%)	1,320.0 (96%)	(159.6) 5points
16	Fee income ^{*3} (Share of gross profits)	1,630.2 (43.7%)	1,507.6 (42.9%)	(122.5) (0.8)points
17	EPS (thousand of yen) ^{*4}	86.7	61.0	(25.7)
18	ROE *5	14.9%	9.7%	(5.2)points

*2 Net operating profit from the three customer businesses—Retail, Corporate (including UNBC) and Trust Assets

*3 Fee income= Net fees and commissions + trust fees (excluding loan trusts and jointly operated money trust fees) +customer derivative income (managements account basis) + forex profit (managements account basis)

*4 Earnings per 1 thousand shares for FY07

*5 Denominator of ROE does not include land revaluation excess and unrealized gains on securities available for sale **7**

^{*1} Credit related costs = Credit costs for trust accounts (included in Gross profits) +Provision for formula allowance for loan losses + Credit related costs (included in non-recurring gains/losses) + Reversal of allowance for loan losses



Please see pages 10-15 of the MUFG Databook

FY 2007 Summary (B/S)





Loan balance increased by ¥3.6tn from end Mar 07

- Overseas lending significantly increased
- Domestic corporate loans bottomed out

Deposit balance increased by ¥2.6tn from end Mar 07

Individual deposits continued to grow

NPLs declined from end Mar 07

- NPL ratio declined 0.31 points from end Mar 07 to 1.15%
- Appraisal gains on availablefor-sale securities decreased by ¥2.4 tn (mainly equities)
- BIS ratio 11.19% (Tier1 ratio 7.60%)

Balance sheet (¥bn)

		End Mar 07	End Mar 08	Change
1	Loans (Banking + Trust accounts) Loans (Banking accounts)	85,150.7 [84,831.9]	88,797.6 [88,538.8]	3,646.9 [3,706.8]
2	Domestic corporate loans ^{*1*2}	49,417.2	49,450.1	32.9
3	Housing loans ^{*2*3}	17,190.1	17,358.2	168.1
4	Overseas loans ^{*4}	14,527.7	17,670.4	3,142.7
5	Investment securities (Banking accounts)	48,207.6	40,851.6	(7,355.9)
6	Deposits	118,708.6	121,307.3	2,598.6
7	Individual deposits (domestic branch)	60,858.3	62,594.7	1,736.3
8	Deposit-lending spread (non-consolidated)	FY06 1.35%	FY07 1.46%	0.1points
9	FRL disclosed loans ^{*2}	1,325.8	1,058.5	(267.3)
10	NPL ratio ^{*2}	1.46%	1.15%	(0.31)points
11	Available-for-sale securities - Appraisal difference	3,384.2	1,004.8	(2,379.3)
12	BIS capital ratio (Tier1 ratio)	12.54% (7.57%)	11.19% (7.60%)	(1.34)points 0.03points
13	Equity holdings/Tier1 ratio	56%	52%	(3)Points
14	Net deferred tax assets/Tier1 ratio	0.8%	8.3%	7.4points

*1 Excludes loans from the group banks to the holding company

*2 Sum of non-consolidated + trust accounts

*3 Loan securitization (FY07) : approx. ¥0.2 tn

*4 Loans booked in overseas branches, UnionBanCal Corporation and BTMU (China)

Please see page 21 of the MUFG Databook

Outline of results by business segments (Consolidated)

Gross profits decreased by ¥182.2 bn^{*1*2} (mainly Corporate and Global markets)

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Retail

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Gross profits ¥1,328.9bn, up ¥28.8bn on FY06

—Increased due to deposit income and effect from new consolidation of kabu.com Securities counteracting the negative effect of the lowering of interest rates at Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS



Corporate

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28.7

FY07 H2

Gross profits ¥1,791.9bn^{*1}, down ¥133.4bn on FY06

-Earnings from securities and investment banking decreased due to deterioration in market environment. Avg. lending balance grew steadily overseas and bottomed out in Japan



FY06 H1

FY06 H2

FY07 H1

*1 Due to a change in the accounting period resulting from the creation of a locally incorporated subsidiary in China, figures for FY07 only include results of the China business for 9 months. If the additional 3 months' results were included, the impact on gross profits would be approx. ¥9.4 bn.

Please see pages 44-51 of the MUFG Databook

Trust Assets

Gross profits ¥198.5bn, up ¥4.3bn^{*1} on FY06

—Secured higher profits despite slowdown in balance growth due to declines in market value and lower inflow of funds (¥tn) Pensions balance

Integrated Trust Assets Business Group: Gross Profits FY07 ¥198.5bn (up ¥4.3bn on FY06) FY07 Change in FY07 Results Other trust business 22.9 +2.9(+15%)(+3/1)Investment trust management 72.0 +2.5(+4%)Global custody 15.0+0.2(+1%)Pension (+2.6) 69.5 -0.5 (-1%) Investment trust (+2.1) administration 19.1 y/y change if -0.8 (-4%) excluding impact of change in

*1 In FY06 accrued fees as of the end of Mar 06 were included as a result of a change in accounting standards (the introduction of accrual accounting for trust fees). The impact included in FY06 gross profits was ¥6.0bn.

accounting method*1



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(Consolidated)

Please see pages 52-55 of the MUFG Databook 13

Loan assets



- NPL ratio declined 0.31 points from end Mar 07 to 1.15%
- Credit related costs showed an expense of ¥86.2 bn on non-consolidated basis and ¥301.6 bn on consolidated basis



Balance of FRL disclosed loans

Credit related costs



Please see pages 57-60 of the MUFG Databook

Holdings of investment securities

(Consolidated)

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MUFG

• Unrealized Gains on available-for-sale securities approx. ¥1.0tn

Breakdown of available-for-sale securities

	(¥ bn)					
		End Mar 08	Unrealized gains (losses)			
Tota	al	36,162.1	1,004.8			
Domestic equity securities		5,674.7	1,377.9			
Domestic bonds		17,062.1	(8.8)			
	Government bonds	15,343.6	(23.0)			
	Municipal bonds	202.5	3.7			
	Corporate bonds	1,515.9	10.4			
Oth	er securities	13,425.3	(364.2)			
	Foreign equity securities	192.2	95.1			
	Foreign bonds	8,415.0	(20.8)			
	Other	4,818.0	(438.5)			

Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities



Please see page 61 of the MUFG Databook

Effect of sub-prime issue on our P&L

The effect of sub-prime related and SIV investments on our P&L was approximately ¥81bn

Effect of sub-prime issue on our P&L

	(¥bn)								
	<u>Sub-prime related +</u> SIV investments	End Sep 07	End Dec 07	End Mar 08	Change from End Dec 07				
1	Realized losses	(4)	(55)	(81)	(26)				
2	Impairment losses	(4)	(53)	(47)	6				
3	Balance (after impairment)	348	282	<u>203</u>	(79)				
4	Net unrealized gains (losses) (after impairment)	(26)	(31)	<u>(44)</u>	(13)				
	<u>Sub-prime related</u> (excl. SIV investments)	End Sep 07	End Dec 07	End Mar 08	Change from End Dec 07				
5	Realized losses	(4)	(9)	(18)	(9)				
6	Impairment losses	(4)	(9)	(12)	(3)				
7	Balance (after impairment)	259	243	^{*1} 197	(46)				
8	Net unrealized gains (losses) (after impairment)	(8)	(30)	(44)	(14)				
	SIV investments	End Sep 07	End Dec 07	End Mar 08	Change from End Dec 07				

	<u>s</u>	SIV investments	End Sep 07	End Dec 07	End Mar 08	Change from End Dec 07
9		Realized losses	_	(46)	(63)	(17)
10		Impairment losses	_	(44)	(35)	9
11		Balance (after impairment)	89	39	6	(33)
12		Net unrealized gains (losses) (after impairment)	(18)	(1)	_	1

^{*1} Balance of sub-prime related investments is the total of subprime RMBS (¥182bn), subprime allocation (¥2bn) out of sub-prime ABS CDOs (¥3bn), and the sub-prime RMBS parts held by funds (not included in securitized products) such as investment trusts (¥13bn)

	Investments in securitized products other than the above		End Mar 08	Change from End Dec 07
13		Realized losses	(42)	(40)
14		Impairment losses	(18)	(16)
15		Balance (after impairment)	3,129	(462)
16		Net unrealized gains (losses) (after impairment)	(274)	(139)

Key points

(Consolidated)

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- The effect on our P&L of sub-prime related and SIV investments in FY07 was a loss of approx. ¥81bn, mainly due to SIV investments
- Our balance of sub-prime related investments (excl. SIVs) at end Mar 08 decreased by ¥46bn from end Dec 07 to approx. ¥197bn due to redemptions, sales, the strong yen, etc.
- Approx. 99% of sub-prime related investments (excl. SIVs) were simple securitized products backed by non-securitized assets. Approx. 98% were AAA-rated. Vintages of sub-prime RMBS are diversified between 2005-2007
- Our balance of SIV investments declined to approx. ¥6bn (down ¥33bn from end Dec 07), due to sales, impairment losses, etc.
- The effect on our P&L of investment in other securitized products was a loss of approx. ¥42bn due to sales, impairment losses, etc. (total effect of sub-prime related +SIVs and other securitized products: approx. ¥123bn)

Note: Includes BTMU (including UBOC and Senshu Bank), MUTB, MUS. Scope of securitized products is on management accounts basis. Does not include mortgage bonds issued by U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises, Japanese RMBS such as Japanese Housing Finance Agency Securities, and securitized products held by funds such as investment trusts. Approximate figures, rounded off. Balance and unrealized gains (losses) are after deduction of impairment losses. Realized losses are cumulative totals

Please see page 62-68 of the MUFG Databook 16

Holdings of securitized products

Overall securitized products balance is approx. ¥3.32tn (down ¥0.54tn from end Dec 07)

	Overview of holdings of securitized products (as of end Mar 08)									
	(1) Balance, net unreali	zeo	d gains	; (losses)	(¥ bn)		(¥bn)
			E	En	nd Mar				End D	ec 07
		Ba	alance	Un	realized gain (losses)	s Chan market	9		Bala	ince
1	RMBS		612		(66)) (10	.8%)			818
2	Sub-prime RMBS		182		(38)) (20	.7%)			226
3	CMBS		42		(0)) (1	.1%)			44
4	CLOs		2,081		(206)) (9	.9%)		2	,329
5	Other securitized products (cards, etc.)		519		(32)) (6	.2%)			533
6	CDOs		59		(7)) (12	.3%)			101
7	SIV investments		6		-	-	-			39
8	Total		3,320		(313)) (9	.4%)		3	,864
	(2) Distribution of ba	ala	nce b	V	rating					(¥ bn)
			AAA		AA	А	BBB		3B or ower	Unrated
9	RMBS		56	8	15	29		-	-	-
10	Sub-prime related		18	2	-	-		-	-	-
11	CMBS		2	6	10	5		1	-	-
12	CLOs		1,75	7	107	171	3	5	5	7
13	Other securitized products (cards, etc.)	5	27	4	42	48	14	8	4	3
14	CDOs		3	6	16	6		-	1	-
15	SIV investments			-	-	-		-	6	_
16	Total		2,66	2	190	259	18	4	15	10

Note: Includes BTMU (including UBOC and Senshu Bank), MUTB, MUS. Scope of securitized products is on management accounts basis. Does not include mortgage bonds issued by U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises, Japanese RMBS such as Japanese Housing Finance Agency Securities, and securitized products held by funds such as investment trusts. Approximate figures, rounded off. Balance and unrealized gains (losses) are after deduction of impairment losses. Realized losses are cumulative totals

80%

8%

6%

6%

0%

0%

Please see page 62-68 of the MUFG Databook

17 Ratio

Securitized products

 <u>Our balance of investments</u> in securitized products declined by ¥0.54tn from end Dec 07 to approx. ¥3.32tn, mainly due to redemptions, sales and the strong yen. Percentage of total assets: <u>1.7%</u>

(Consolidated)

- <u>Simple securitized products backed by non-</u> securitized assets: 99%; AAA rated: 80%
- Market value is appraised using quoted prices
- Simulated illustration^{*1}: Under the assumption that prices of securitized products held by us decrease further by the same magnitude to the price declines experienced in the past half year (end Sep 07-end Mar 08), we estimate additional impairment losses of <u>approx. ¥30bn</u> to ¥40bn on our holdings of securitized products
- ^{*1} Assumption: Holdings of securitized products, ratings and impairment standard remain unchanged from end Mar 08

Monoline insurer related

 Some holdings of CLOs are guaranteed by monoline insurers, but <u>all of these are rated</u> <u>AAA without guarantee</u>. <u>No credit outstanding</u> and credit derivative transactions with monoline insurers

Leveraged loans, others

- <u>Not involved in origination and distribution of</u> securitized products of leveraged loans, no holdings of inventory loans
- <u>ABCP sponsoring</u> only for <u>securitization of</u> <u>customer's assets</u>. No underlying assets backed by residential mortgages

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Capital

(Consolidated)



Consolidated capital ratio was 11.19%, Tier 1 ratio 7.60% as of end Mar 08

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(¥bn)							
	End Mar 07	End Mar 08					
Capital ratio	12.54%	11.19%					
Tier1 ratio	7.57%	7.60%					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Tier 1	8,054.8	8,293.7					
Preferred shares	336.8	336.8					
Preferred securities	1,256.3	1,240.3					
Tier 2	5,717.9	4,441.8					
Total capital	13,344.4	12,215.8					
Risk-adjusted assets	106,395.5	109,075.6					
Credit risk portion	98,260.7	100,962.2					
Market risk portion	2,131.6	2,147.6					
Operational risk portion	6,003.0	5,965.6					
Outlier ratio	7.9%	10.1%					
	Tier1 ratio Tier 1 Preferred shares Preferred securities Tier 2 Total capital Risk-adjusted assets Credit risk portion Market risk portion Operational risk portion	Capital ratio 12.54% Tier1 ratio 7.57% Tier1 ratio 7.57% Tier 1 8,054.8 Preferred shares 336.8 Preferred securities 1,256.3 Tier 2 5,717.9 Total capital 13,344.4 Risk-adjusted assets 106,395.5 Credit risk portion 98,260.7 Market risk portion 2,131.6 Operational risk portion 6,003.0					

Please see page 70 of the MUFG Databook

<Changes:Main factors>

Capital ratio:

11.19%, down 1.34 pts from end Mar 07 Main reason was decrease in Tier2 capital resulting from lower unrealized gains on securities investment

• Tier1 ratio:

7.60%, up 0.03 pts from end Mar 07

Total capital:

Down approx. ¥1.1 tn due to approx. ¥150 bn of share buybacks and decrease in Tier2 capital resulting from lower unrealized gains on securities investment

Risk assets:

Up approx. ¥2.6 tn mainly due to increase in credit risk portion

Adopted method:

Credit risk: Foundation Internal Ratingsbased Approach (FIRB)

Operational risk: The Standardized Approach (TSA)

FY 2008 earnings / dividend forecasts

FY08 net income forecast ¥640.0bn

• Dividend forecast ¥14 per common share

Ea	arnings forecasts	FY2008					
5		Interim		Full year			
			Compared to previous period	J	Compared to previous period		
1	Ordinary income	¥3,250.0 bn	-¥0.2 bn	¥ 6,400.0 bn	+¥6.1 bn		
2	Ordinary profits	¥510.0 bn	+¥12.5 bn	¥1,210.0 bn	+¥181.0 bn		
3	Net income	¥270.0 bn	+¥13.3 bn	¥640.0 bn	+¥3.4 bn		

Macro-economic assumptions :

Unsecured call money (FY08 average): 0.53%, 10 year JGB (FY08 average): 1.62%, Yen/Dollar (value at end of period): ¥105

Dividend forecasts					
		Interim dividend	Year-end dividend	Annual dividend	
		(forecast)	(forecast)	(forecast)	
4	Dividend per common share	¥7	¥7	¥14	

0

(Consolidated)



Introduction

Outline of Fiscal 2007 Results

Key Management Issues

Our business environment



 Global economy slowing down triggered by U.S. market instability

- Japanese economic slowdown below potential growth rate will continue in 1st half of FY2008 (BOJ leaving interest rates unchanged for now)
- Shift from savings to investment and shift from loans to securities continuing over medium term
- Continuing high growth in Asia (pay attention to risk of slowdown)
- Financial industry reorganization intensifying globally





Reinforcing frameworks to achieve major growth
 (1) Enhancing comprehensive Group strengths

(1) Enhancing comprehensive Group strengths

(2) Transfer to new systems

(3) Strengthening internal control framework

Enhancing comprehensive Group strengths (1)

• Further enhancing comprehensive Group strengths through strategic investments



*2 Subject to approval at the Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS shareholders' meeting scheduled to be held in Jun 08.

MUFG

Enhancing comprehensive Group strengths (2)

 Further strengthen strategic Group unity and flexibility in consumer finance business by making Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS a wholly owned subsidiary scheduled in Aug 08

MUEG

• Results steadily recovering since FY07 H2. Structural reform proceeding as planned



Enhancing comprehensive Group strengths (3)

- Agreed investment in JALCARD and credit card business partnership with JAL Group and JCB
- Aiming to further expand JALCARD's business by using MUFG's customer base, network and development capabilities of product and service

Key points of investment

- JALCARD's brand power and high-quality customer base
 - -Appeal power of mileage service
 - Markedly high average amount used per customer (@¥750,000)
- Acquisition of shares and certain priority rights^{*2} relating to issuance of JALCARD
 - Investment amounts for shares and priority rights broadly equal

Main business collaboration

- Strengthen collaboration with MUFG
 - Develop new type of premium cards and new services linked with MUFG's financial products and services
 - Promote alliances with MUFG's alliance partners, partner financial institutions and corporate customers
- Gain new members utilizing Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS and JCB
- Improve business efficiency and customer service using expertise and infrastructure of Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS and JCB



*2 Compensation for BTMU's receipt from JALI of certain priority rights relating to the issuance of JALCARD (brand rights for JALCARD, usage rights for unique JALCARD services, rights relating to the formation of priority business partnership relationships in the credit card business, etc.)

Transfer to new systems (1)

- Completed transfer to new systems at former BTM branches and banking system integration at Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking
- Changeover to new system scheduled to be carried out at former UFJ branches between July and December 2008



Transfer to new systems (2)

 Completing the transfer to the new systems is expected to bring a range of benefits, including reduced costs and enhanced product development and sales capabilities

Completion of transfer to new systems

✓ Rationalization effects

- Reduction of overlapping staff
- Lower system related costs

- ✓ Enhanced sales capabilities
 - Improve customer service
 - Faster new product development
 - Staff redeployment

Strengthening internal control framework



- Enhancing internal control framework as critical infrastructure to allow customers to conduct business with confidence and security
- Provided management resources mainly for strengthening response capability at branches, etc.



Growth strategy



Key areas for organic growth

Retail: Strengthening sales aimed at overall customer assets, retail securities, consumer finance, internet mobile banking strategy

Corporate: CIB strategy, Asia strategy, non-Japanese business in U.S./Europe, commercial flows/forex business

Trust assets: Pensions, investment trust management and administration, custody business

Use of capital strength

Strengthening sales aimed at overall customer assets and retail securities



- Steadily strengthen product sales framework to reflect the continuing shift from savings to investment
- Further expand sales of insurance products at BTMU by assigning more insurance planners, while increasing branches handling insurance products and enhancing product lineup

	✓Assign more insurance planners		
	Dec 07: 350 (of which 230 deployed at branches)	⇒Apr 08: 370 (of which 270 deployed at branches) Plan to further increase staff by over 100 through mid-career recruitment	
Insurance products	✓ Increase branches handling newly deregulated products Dec 07: 173 branches ⇒Apr 08: 256 branches		
	 Enhance product lineup Dec 07: Began providing life, medical, cancer insurance 	⇒Apr 08: Began providing nursing care insurance; plan to further develop lineup to meet a wide range of insurance needs	
	 ✓ Strengthen targeting by increasing sophistication of marketing based on analysis of customers' needs and financial behavior ✓ Enhance follow-up with clients through holding lectures, 		
Investment trusts	based on analysis of customers ✓ Enhance follow-up with clients	s' needs and financial behavior	
Investment trusts	based on analysis of customers	s' needs and financial behavior	
Investment trusts Financial product intermediation	 based on analysis of customers ✓ Enhance follow-up with clients seminars, etc. 	s' needs and financial behavior through holding lectures, Iocations ⇒Within FY08: increase to 24 locations	

Asia strategy (1)



Increase business with Japanese and non-Japanese companies through organic growth, and also pursue an investment and alliance strategy



*1 Due to a change in the accounting period resulting from the creation of a locally incorporated subsidiary in China, figures for FY07 only include results of the China business for nine months. The figures in the graphs are adjusted to correct this impact.

Asia strategy (2)



Strengthen securities and investment banking through investments and alliance strategy in Asia, where continued growth is expected



Investment/ alliance target	Details of collaboration		
(Head office)	Primary market	Secondary market	
Kim Eng (Singapore)		 Asian equities trading and sales Investment trust structuring and sales 	
Challenger Financial Services Group (Australia)	 Project finance Asset finance 	 Real estate/ Infrastructure fund structuring Investment trust sales 	
CIMB (Malaysia)	 Project finance Bond underwriting Islamic finance Securitization 		
ICICI Bank (India)	 M&A advisory General investment banking 	 Indian infrastructure investment trust and fund sales 	
Daewoo Group (Korea)	 Bond underwriting General investment banking 	 Mutual broking of South Korean equities, Japanese equities 	

Using capital strength (1)



Pursue an investment and alliance strategy mainly in Asia attuned to the characteristics of each market

	Investment and alliance strategy	Investments	
	Strategy	Amount of Investments	Investment ratio
* China	BTMU investment in and business alliance with Bank of China (Jun 06)	approx. ¥21.0 bn	0.2%
India	MUS business alliance with ICICI (Aug 06)		
Indonesia	BTMU investment in Bank Nusantara Parahyangan (Dec 07)	approx. ¥2.0 bn	20%
★ Vietnam	BTMU business alliance with Vietcombank (Nov 06)		
Malaysia	BTMU additional investment in CIMB (Apr 07)	approx. ¥45.0 bn	4.5%
Korea	MUS business alliance with Daewoo Securities (Jan 07)		
Xustralia	BTMU and MUS investment in Challenger Financial Services Group (Oct 07)	approx. ¥22.0 bn	6.3%
😽 Hong Kong	BTMU additional investment in Dah Sing Financial Holdings to make Dah Sing an equity method affiliate (Mar 08)	approx. ¥6.0 bn	15%
Singapore	MUS investment in and business alliance with Kim Eng Holdings (Nov 07 - Apr 08)	approx. ¥16.0 bn	14.6%

Using capital strength (2)



Assess investments through stringent due diligence on profitability, growth potential, return on investment, etc.

 Business domains (regions, businesses) where profitability and growth are expected

- Regions: Asia, U.S.
- Business types: Retail, securities and investment banking
- Ensure investment returns
 - Strive to raise corporate value (capital costs, EPS, etc.)
 - Conduct regular follow-ups on investment projects

Capital policy



Strengthen equity capital and enhance shareholder returns while using capital efficiently to achieve sustainable growth and enhanced profitability



Enhancing shareholder returns

 Raised dividends and repurchased own shares in line with announced policy. Ratio of total distribution to shareholders approx. 47% in FY07





*1 Estimated payout ratio for FY08 is calculated based on dividend per ordinary share of ¥14, net income for the period of ¥640 bn, and other assumptions

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Growth strategy—Retail



Change in overall customer assets



Future initiatives

(1) Strengthen sales aimed at overall customer assets

- Increase insurance planners, locations handling deregulated products and products handled
- Strengthen targeting capabilities
- Enhance follow-up with clients through holding lectures, seminars, etc.

(2) Retail securities

- Increase locations of "Retail Money Desks"
- Pursue financial product intermediation business (counter and online)

(3) Consumer finance

- Increase sales of bank-issued cards and BANQUIC
- Pursue Mitsubishi UFJ NICOS's mediumterm management plan

(4) Reorganization of retail lending

- Expand Mitsubishi UFJ Loan Business's agency network
- (5) Promotion of Internet & mobile strategy
 - Launch Mobile Net Banking

Growth strategy—Domestic Corporate



Achievements in CIB

M&A advisory: Share of total deal amount



Note: Publicly announced deals involving Japanese companies Source: Thomson Financial

Future initiatives

Large corporations

- (1) Develop CIB model
 - •Enhance collaboration between banking and securities businesses
- (2) Expand M&A business
 Strengthen sector-based approach
- (3) Fully develop credit portfolio management
 Accumulate credit assets based on market environment
- (4) Enhance secondary business
 Strengthen approach to major corporations and domestic institutional investors

SMEs

Enhance inward remittance/Increase liquid deposits

- (5) Strengthen forex business
 - Enhance trade finance business/Support customers' overseas financing strategies

Growth strategy—Overseas Corporate





Future initiatives

(1) Asia business

- Maintain clear lead with Japanese corporations
- ·Focus on business with non-Japanese corporations and sales of marketable products
- (2) Non-Japanese corporations in Europe
 - Increase earnings power by further expanding customer base and pursuing cross selling
- (3) CIB related business
 - Select and pursue global priority businesses
- (4) Network/Investment and alliance
 - Pursue investment and alliance strategy focusing
 - Increase synergies with companies we have already invested in or formed alliances with
- (5) Organization
 - •Further enhance sophistication of compliance, office management and risk management frameworks

*1 Due to a change in the accounting period resulting from the creation of a locally incorporated subsidiary in China, figures for FY07H1 only include results of the China business for three months. The figures in the graphs are adjusted to correct this impact

Growth strategy—**Trust Assets**



Change in balance of main assets

Future initiatives



Comparison with other Japanese financial groups

Source : Disclosure material of each group



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